Broward Health Coral Springs Performance Improvement Appraisal CY 2021 and Goals and Objectives for CY 2022

Broward Health Coral Springs continuously strives to provide comprehensive, individualized, and competent care to the patients it serves, regardless of race, gender, sexual orientation, religion, national origin, physical handicap, or financial status. We follow the Broward Health Mission and Vision Statements. Broward Health respects and follows the Broward Health Five Star Values, Strategic Priorities and Success Pillars: Service, People, Quality/Safety, Finance and Growth. The PI Plan is presented to the regional Quality Council for approval then to the Medical Staff and Board of Commissioners.

The Department Leaders at Broward Health Coral Springs work with their Administrators to prioritize their decisions regarding indicators for review. While indicators are chosen for review each year, new indicators may be chosen during the year based on patient safety concerns, information from Root Cause Analysis, trends identified in adverse incidents, etc. Indicators were chosen either by requirements by external agencies such as The Joint Commission, Centers for Medicare, and Medicaid Services, AHRQ and those that are problem prone, high risk, or high-volume processes. This information is reported to Quality Council then to the Board of Commissioners through the Quality Assessment and Oversight Committee (QAOC) and the Board of Commissioners Finance Committee.

Initiatives for 2021 include daily safety/flow leadership huddles, on-going monthly unit tracers, unit shift huddles, patient flow concentration, core measure improvements, critical values, and our total harm reduction program. Broward Health Coral Springs received Joint Commission Disease Specific Re-Certification in Primary Stroke in 2020 and Minimally Invasive Colorectal Surgery in 2020 and completed their triennial accreditation survey in 2021.

The COVID-19 pandemic had an impact on our line days and infections. There were more ED visits and patient admissions during the pandemic as well impacting our patient days and ED visit number.

Listed below is a summary of the PI activities that reflect the hospital endeavors to reduce the mortality and morbidity and to assure patient safety. Broward Health Coral Springs will continue to work towards these goals during 2022.

PI Indicators	Goals	Findings	Actions	Objectives for CY 2022
		IMPROVE CORE	MEASURES	
CMS Core Measures	Achieve Top Decile for indicators that are at or above national rate and achieve national or above rates for indicators that are below the national rate.	There has been continued compliance with the core measures for 2021: PC-01 – 2.6% PC-02 – 40.8% PC-05 – 41.6% PC-06 – 2.1% PC-06.1 – 0.7% PC-06.2 – 1.4% PC 01, 02, 03and 05 are below benchmark	 Continue to collect the data and drill down on fallouts. Continue to educate new employees to core measure standards and expectations. Continue to coach and remediate all employees and physicians as necessary. Continue Sepsis education regarding new or revised metrics. Report details in monthly quality meeting 	Maintain compliance with measures Improve measure scores for PC05 Ongoing work with corporate to adapt sepsis tools as measure is updated.

		PC 06. 06.1 and 06.2 are better than benchmark • SEPSIS –66% compliance –is above		
		benchmark IMPROVE OU	 TCOMES	
Mortalities	Below Crimson National Average for Mid-Sized Facilities (Focus: year, BHCS, conditions tab-clinical conditions)	 The overall risk-adjusted mortality rate was 1.86% (230/12339) for 2021 which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort of 2.46%. The risk-adjusted AMI mortality rate was 4.79% (8/167) for 2021 which is well <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort of 4.06%. The risk-adjusted heart failure mortality rate was 2.47% (7/283) for 2021 which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort Rate of 2.9%. The risk-adjusted pneumonia mortality rate was 5.18% (22/425) for 2021 which is <i>above</i> the Crimson Cohort rate of 4.33%. The risk-adjusted COPD mortality rate was 0% (0/120) for 2021 which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort rate of 2.5%. 	Continue to review all mortalities, identify trends, perform peer review when necessary, and look for opportunities to continue to decrease mortality rates. All percentages are below the cohort rates.	Maintain risk-adjusted overall, AMI, heart failure, pneumonia & COPD mortality rates below the Crimson Cohort average.
Readmissions	Below Crimson National Average for All Hospitals (Any air-dry)	 The overall risk-adjusted all cause 30-day readmission rate was 8.33% (961/11538) which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort rate of 8.21% for 2020 The risk-adjusted AMI readmission rate for 2021 was 6.25% (8/128) which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort of 9.20%. The risk-adjusted heart failure readmission rate for 2021 was 15.77% (41/260) which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort of 17.01% The risk-adjusted pneumonia readmission rate for 2021 was 9.26% (35/378) which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort rate of 11.49%. 	 Identify High risk patient with daily email list. Complete High-Risk Assessment with 24-48 hours. Readmission assessment to identify reasons and prevent future readmissions. Refer all high risk, COPD/HF/PN to Population Health. Nursing provides education on disease process. Respiratory therapist provides inhaler teaching for COPD. Obtain HHC for COPD/HF management when appropriate. Multi-Disciplinary Rounds to identify high risk patient who need education and f/u care. 	Maintain risk-adjusted overall, heart failure and pneumonia readmission rates below the Crimson Cohort average. Improve AMI and COPD risk-adjusted readmission rates to at or below Crimson Cohort average.

		The risk-adjusted COPD readmission rate for 2021was 17.12% (19/111) which is <i>below</i> the Crimson Cohort rate of 16.58%.	 Obtain follow up appointment on all HF/COPD patients. Arrange clinic appointment on all uninsured. Arrange PCP appointment on patients with no primary care physician. Collaboration with AHCA, Medicaid Plans, and the South Florida hospital district on a discharge planning Pilot to decrease readmission. 	
		IMPROVE PATI	ENT SAFETY	
Falls	<2.00 per 1000 patient days	There were 123 inpatient falls out of 68558 patient days for a rate of 1.79 for 2021. This is a decrease from 2020 rate of 2.24. There were 22 falls with injuries out of 68558 patient days for a rate of 0.32 for 2021. Both inpatient falls and falls without injuries are below benchmark and a decrease from 2020, despite an increase of patient day by 16,260.	 Monthly fall meetings lead by RM Analysis of nursing discrepancies with Morse Fall Risk tool Continue to perform post fall huddles and include patient/family whenever possible. Perform an intense analysis on falls with injuries, including involved staff. Continue use of bed and chair alarms Educate staff and patients regarding fall prevention. Analyze data for trends. 	Reduce the facilities overall fall rate to below 2.0 with a 5% reduction being a rate of 1.957.
Hospital-acquired Pressure Injury	Below National Average	There were 2 HAPIs out of 12,339 patient days (SSP + days) for a rate of 0.16 for 2021 (all types included) That is a decrease of 11 from 2020 and a rate decrease of 0.17.	 All nursing staff educated on pressure ulcer prevention, interventions, and documentation Weekly wound care rounds on all units by wound care nurse Quarterly prevalence survey Daily rounding by NM/ANM Education regarding proper documentation Staging to be completed by wound care nurse or physician only Perform RCA/IA on all hospital-acquired pressure ulcers Develop skills of the unit wound care champions through monthly meetings/workshops 	Maintain hospital's low HAPU rate.

Mislabeled Specimens	Zero	There were 7 mislabeled specimens in 2021.	 Continue to coach and remediate employees as necessary. Perform intense analysis on all mislabeled specimens. Analyze data for trends. Continue the use of bedside specimen scanning. Added education to onboarding for agency and travel clinicians. 	Decrease number of mislabeled specimens to zero.
		DECREASE HOSPTIAL-AC	·	
CLABSI (ICU)	<1.03 per 1000 device days	The number of CLABSI in ICU was 3 out of 3716 device days for a rate of 0.81 for 2021. This is a decrease from the rate of 1.57 for 2020. Number of line days increased by 1168 days compared to 2020.	 Increase surveillance to all nursing units. Aggressive rounding to remove the central line. Continue Chlorhexidine baths. Participate in HSAG HAI program. Continue to follow central line bundle Work with intensivist group to decrease line days Daily monitoring by quality team Stand down when downgrading care from ICU/CCU to remove lines prior to transfer Proper utilization of PICCs/Midlines 	Decrease the CLABSI rate in ICU to below the VBP threshold as measured by SIR Decrease the number of line days.
CAUTI (ICU)	<1.73 per 1000 catheter days	The number of CAUTI in ICU was 2 out of 3424 catheter days for a rate of 0.58 for 2021. This is a decrease from the rate of 0.16 in 2020. Number of Foley days decreased by 1126 days compared to 2020.	 Increase surveillance to all nursing units. ED engagement in preventing insertion. Continue Chlorhexidine bath. HOUDINI protocol for all patients with Foley catheter. IT changes made to not allow deselecting of Houdini protocol Participate in HSAG HAI program. Continue to follow catheter bundle Work with intensivist group to decrease Foley days Daily monitoring by quality team Stand down when downgrading care from ICU/CCU to remove lines prior to transfer 	Decrease ICU CAUTI rate to below the CMS national average. Decrease the number of Foley days.
VAC	One	There were 1 VACs in ICU for 2021 which was increase from 2020 by 1.	 Continue with infection control rounds. Educate staff regarding infection control practices. Continue to follow bundle. Continue with oral care per ventilator 	Decrease the VAC rate to meet the CMS benchmark of zero.

			management protocol (NUR-006-205)	
Surgical Site Infections (VBP rates)	Below National Average	There were 0 infections out of 209 hysterectomy procedures in 2021 for a rate of 0 & SIR of 0. The rate of 2020 was 4.02 showing in <i>significant decrease</i> in 2021. There was 1 infection out of 141 colon surgeries for a rate of 0.71 & SIR of 0.28 in 2021. This represents a decrease from the 2020 rate of 3.82.	 Continue to monitor recommended prophylactic antibiotic use. Address SSI reduction strategies with medical staff surgeons Monitor for trends. Refer for peer review as necessary. Continue Chlorhexidine baths for all surgical patients. Review all surgical classifications to verify correct classification – ongoing education and posting of signs in ORs regarding wound classification Work with surgeons to document infection pre-op. Work with surgeons regarding documentation of infection in operative notes Verify weight-based dosages of antibiotics being used Encourage physician use of impregnated dressings that remain in place for hysterectomies Intense analysis of all SSI with epidemiologist and OR Director, manager, and post-operative unit manager Monitor for trends Implement Top Ten Checklist for SSI prevention from HRET-HIIN Report in monthly quality meetings 	Maintain surgical site infections to below the VBP threshold as measured by SIR with goal of <1
Hospital Acquired All MDROs	Target ≤0.07	There were 2 MDROs for the 2020 calendar year out of 48,568 patient days for a rate of 0.04. This is a decrease from 2019 rate of 0.17.	 Epidemiology nurse conducts in-depth record review IC physician lead conducts case review Intense analysis of all SSI with epidemiologist and appropriate managers, staff and other healthcare providers as indicated Monitor for trends Ensure implementation of appropriate bundles and evidence-based care to prevent MDROs 	Continue to maintain MDRO rates below target value of ≤ 0.07
C-diff	CMS benchmark 0.78	9/42376 for a rate of 1.11 We reached the facility goal of 1.91 and close to the the CMS goal of 0.78.	ED Triage screen in placeContinue Antibiotic monitoring -	Decrease C-diff rate to below the CMS benchmark of 0.78

pharmacist interventions and RMO C-diff decision tree tool re-educated in all nursing huddles EVS staff room cleaning re-education validation of rooms cleaning HH Observations (unit level and mock teams)
 Staff, physician, and resident education IT updates: order expiring after 24 hr., laxative reminder, diarrhea on admission question Isolation log and rounds